

European Chemical Society

Short Introduction

Framing the decarbonization challenge with a few numbers

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EU GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION TARGETS



2030 **GHG-55% RELATIVE TO 1990**



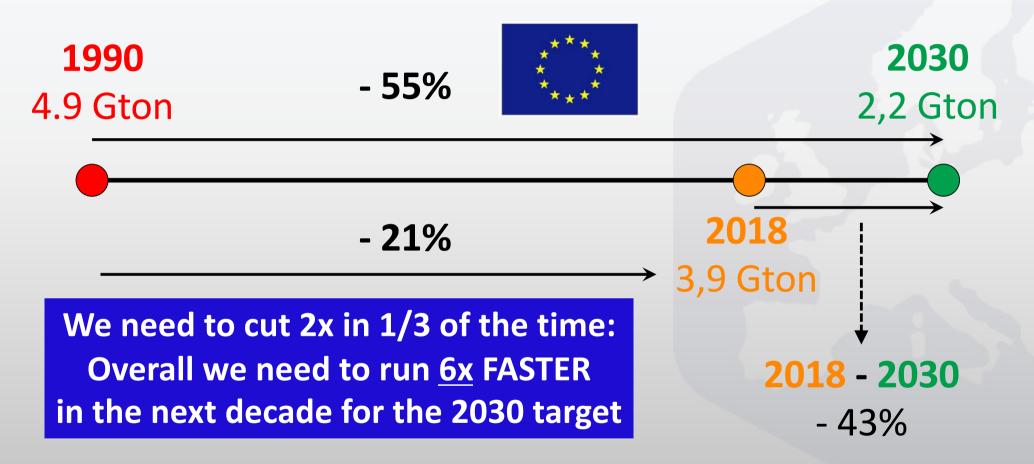
2050 **CLIMATE NEUTRALITY**







GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS*, EU-27



*EUROSTAT - Greenhouse gas emission statistics, 2021







A HUGE CHALLENGE



INTERNATIONAL SHIPPING



220,000 tons Average trip China-Europe: 30 days











*An additional 50 GWh would be needed for the liquefaction process and for temperature maintenance along the journey

[®]Conversion would be technically complex, see e.g. Energy Environ. Sci. 2021, 14. 815-843 This estimate is intended only to give an idea of the huge scale of the effort required

The Carbon Element - Key towards a sustainable society | 22 April 2021

1 trip 9000 ton "bunker fuel"



About 3000 ton H₂ (LIQUID!)@



150 GWh electricity*

FUKUSHIMA HYDROGEN RESEARCH FIELD



Alkaline electrolyzer

Electrolyzer: 10 MW

PV plant: 20 MW

18 ha

(26 football fields)

H₂ produced: **900 ton/y**

This facility should work 3 YEARS continuosly for ONE refill of a supercargo





IN SHORT ...

Decarbonization means

- 1) A dramatic ACCELERATION
- 2) A process on a GARGANTUAN SCALE







A standard videoconferencing service uses about 2.5 GB/hr and has a carbon footprint of 157 g CO2e/hr*

TODAY WEBINAR

157g \times 5h \times 250 people \simeq 0.2 tons of CO₂eq

By flight (90 kg/hr CO₂ per passenger)

90 kg \times 2h (round trip)[#] \times 250 people = 45 tons of CO₂

We have emitted > 200 TIMES less CO₂ than flying to Brussels! (considering only flying ...)



#Assuming 1h flight to Brussels

*Obringer et al.

Resour. Conserv. Recy. **2021**, 167, 105389 doi: 10.1016/j.resconrec.2020.105389





