

Joint Call "Solar-Driven Chemistry"





ERA-CHEMISTRY

A network of research councils for the development and implementation of joint bottom-up European programmes for curiosity driven research



Netherlands

Austria

Germany

HISTORY

Initiated by members of CERC3 and funded within the ERA-Net programme

of the European Commission

January 2004 - December 2008 (EC funding)



Finland

www.erachemistry.net

Ireland

Decision-Making & Examples of funding joint collaboration Multilateral Calls: Open Initiative

			Pre-			Grant Budget /	Invitation	Funding rate
Year		Partners	proposals	Proposals	Grants	€	rate / %	/ %
20	008	7	97	41	10	3,173,798 €	42.3	24.4
20	009	7	50	26	8	2,983,481 €	52.0	30.8
20)10	6	71	26	7	2,405,681 €	36.6	26.9
20)11	3	38	20	6	1,863,820 €	52.6	30.0
20)12	3	26	11	4	1,975,936 €	42.3	36.4
20)13	3	49	19	5	1,618,000 €	38.8	26.3

Next Call to be launched on

15 December 2014

if a sufficient number of Partner organisations decides to participate.





Follow up activities Triggered mainly by EuCheMS

12 November 2013: Meeting in Brussels, result: Most partners are more interested in thematic calls instead of unsolicited (open) calls



International Activities in Solar-Driven Chemistry Some examples

- CS3 Symposa "Powering the World with Sunlight" 2009 und 2017 www.rsc.org/suppdata/ee/b9/b924940k/b924940k.pdf
- EC Report "Artificial Photosynthesis: Potential and Reality"

https://publications.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/96af5cc3-2bd6-11e7-9412-01aa75ed71a1/language-en

 FET-Flagship "Sunrise: Solar Energy for a Circular Economy" (Initiative by Huub de Groot, NL)

www.sunriseflagship.eu





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- 9 October 2015: Meeting in Berlin. Scientists working in the field of solar driven chemistry. Result: Whitepaper

Solar-driven Chemistry Whitepaper



https://www.euchems.eu/solar-driven-chemistry/

Solar-Driven Chemistry –

Today, the EuChemS and DFG "Solar-Driven Chemistry" white paper was launched during at the ECC6 by Ulrich Schul EuChemS Vice-President and one of the authors of the paper.

The objective of this White Paper is to show that it is possible, and even necessary, to drive chemical reactions by the energy from the sun in order to guarantee the welfare of future generations.

Solar-driven chemistry is a visionary concept, for which many scientific and technical problems still have to be solved Transfer from basic chemical research to industrial applications usually takes 20 to 30 years. However, intermediate short- and medium-term objectives, which are necessary to enable the long-term goal, can also generate new knowledge, which will provide wider benefits to society and an improvement of the industrial competitiveness.

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- 9 October 2015: Meeting in Berlin. Scientists working in the field of solar driven chemistry. Result: Whitepaper
- 16 October 2017: Meeting of National Funders in Brussels, result: Preparation of a call in the field of Solar driven Chemistry
- 24 April 2018: Meeting of National Funders in Rome, result: Call text and call procedure

Solar-driven Chemistry Call text

In natural photosynthesis, carbon dioxide is converted into complex chemical compounds by using sun-light (photons) as the energy source. Solar energy is thus stored in chemical bonds. Developing technical processes for the direct conversion of solar energy into chemical compounds by means of artificial compounds, using universally available raw materials such as carbon dioxide and/or water, is a scientific and technical "grand challenge" with tremendous societal impact. Such an approach does not rely on low-carbon electricity from traditional or renewable energy sources, as the photons arriving at the earth are directly used for (photo-)chemical processes, and no intermediate storage or transfer of electricity is needed.

Although the topic is not new and feasibility of several solar-driven chemical approaches has been demonstrated on a laboratory scale, this is still a visionary goal where many fundamental scientific questions have to be answered before it can be implemented on a meaningful technical scale along the value chain. Non-exclusive examples of associated fundamental research for the photochemical conver-sion of small molecules into valuable products are: development and improvement of methods and mate-rials for light harvesting and stable (photo-)catalysts, both based on commonly available raw materials, development of analytical, theoretical and computational tools to understand the thermodynamics and to predict the reactivity of such materials, understanding of energy transfer and conversion processes in de novo designed man-made organic and inorganic materials, etc.

https://www.dfg.de/foerderung/info_wissenschaft/2018/info_wissenschaft_18_94/

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9 Bucharest, 04 October 2019



Content of the call What is included?

- Research on light-converting/harvesting, catalytic, electrode, membrane, etc. materials
- Materials issues (e.g. photochemical stability of relevant materials), as long as they are used for the photochemical conversion of small molecules
- Investigating mechanisms of catalysis and light harvesting, if focus is on photochemical conversion of small molecules
- Heterogeneous photoelectrochemistry/photocatalysis
- Photocatalytic water splitting
- Photochemical or photoelectrochemical CO2 reduction
- Development of new photoactive systems if related to the general call topic
- Reaction engineering
- Molecular model systems capable of direct conversion, e.g. for mechanistic studies

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Call "Solar-Driven Chemistry" Realisation

Participants:

- ANR (France), DFG (Germany), NCN (Poland), SNSF (Switzerland), AKA (Finnland)
- Boundary conditions:
 - Two to four applicants from at least two countries
- Approach:
 - Two-step review procedure;
 - preproposals and full proposals
- Budget:
 - 5.5 Mio. € for all five partner organisations
- Review:
 - International Review Board: 12 people; external expertise for full proposals
- Formal decision and funding:
 - Respective national reserach councils

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se for full proposals

ERA-Net without EC funding



Solar-driven Chemistry Call schedule

- 24 April 2018: Meeting of National Funders in Rome, result: Call text and call procedure
- > 12 December 2018: Call published
- ► 13 February 2019: **Deadline for pre-proposals**, 47 pre-proposals received
- ▶ 14 June 2019: **Decision** on pre-proposals, 20 full proposals invited
- > 31 July 2019: Deadline for full proposals
- 15 November 2019: Full proposal review, about 9 groups to be suggested for funding
- Until March 2020: Decision and start of projects

Solar-driven Chemistry Future activities

- Next call December 2020
- Important subject
- Practicable procedure, independent from EC, independent decisions on national level
- More European partners
- Next meeting February 2020 in Berlin
- Please subscribe to circulating email list!





Thank you!

Whitepaper: https://www.euchems.eu/solar-driven-chemistry/

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