

Chemical Sciences for Horizon 2020: Education and Employability



EuChemS event at the European Parliament Brussels, 7 March 2019

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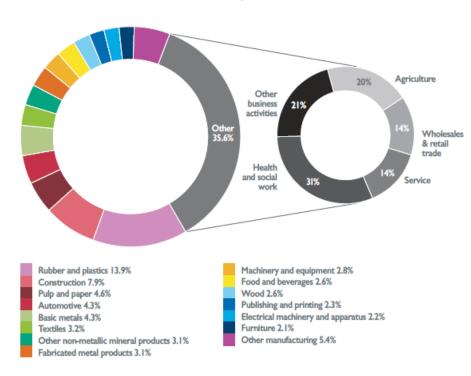
# At the Heart of European Industry Providing the essentials



- The European chemical industry is of major importance for economic development and wealth,
- Providing modern products and materials and enabling solutions in virtually all sectors.
- tis a wealth generating sector of the economy, and a valuable part of Europe's economic infrastructure.
- It aims to provide solutions for the achievement of a competitive, low carbon and circular economy in Europe and beyond.
- The European chemical industry is highly successful.
- Traditionally, it has been a world leader in chemicals production

## Contribution of the chemical industry to the EU economy

Customer sectors of the EU chemical industry



## Innovation in the 21st century



### Advanced materials

- Batteries (energy storage, e-mobility)
- Lightweight (automotive, aeronautics)
- Renewable energy (wind, PV, ...)



### Advanced processes

- Use of alternative feedstock (biomass, waste, CO/CO2 ...)
- Use of alternative energy sources
- Cross-sectorial collaboration (Industrial symbiosis)
- The journey to circularity

### Digital technologies



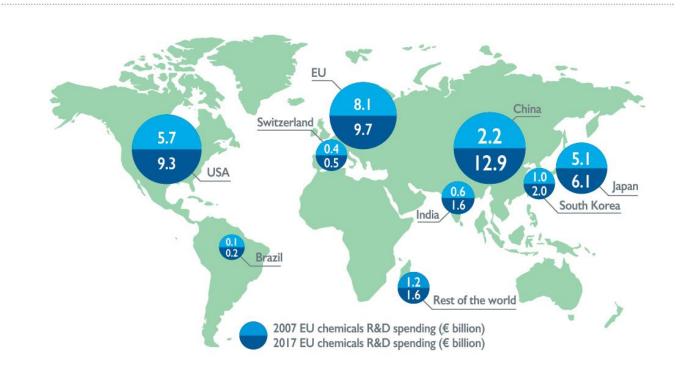
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# China outspends industrial and emerging countries in chemicals R&I



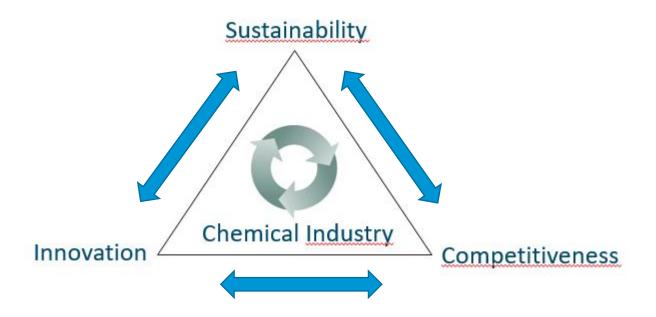
### R&D spending by region



Unless specified, chemical industry excludes pharmaceuticals Unless specified, EU refers to EU 28

# The interlink between competitiveness, innovation and sustainability





Challenges offer tremendous innovation and business opportunities

<u>Supported by highly skilled teams</u>

# Talents for the future of the European chemical industry

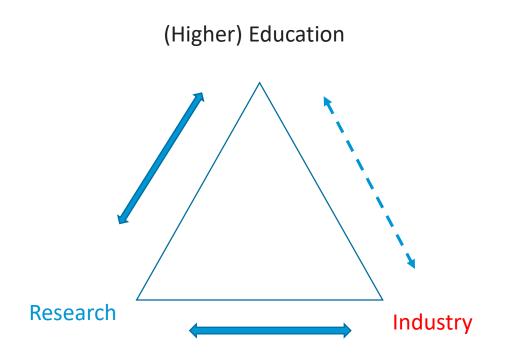


- STEM skills & Digital skills
- Blurring of boundaries across scientific disciplines
- Blurring of boundaries between different industrial sectors
- Value chains approach
- Connection to "adjacent" disciplines (IPR, Regulatory, Toxicology/Ecotoxicology ...)

- Lifelong learning ever more important
- Challenge : attract, train and retain
- Sense of purpose

## Building skills together





Right workforce for Research and Innovation

### Cefic FP9 Priorities



### Open Innovation and Industry Participation

through collaborative projects along the value chain and between EU Member States and Regions taking innovation faster to the market for the benefit of our society. *Public Private Partnerships, such as SPIRE, demonstrate effectiveness to drive economic growth by removing barriers to innovation in a cross-sectorial setting* 

### Key Enabling Technologies

that address global challenges (resource efficiency, circular economy, and low carbon economy), drive breakthrough innovations and support the development of high added-value products and processes

### Industrial Process Technologies

 that are crucial for achieving a low carbon and circular economy (through valorisation of alternative feedstock including waste, secondary materials, CO2, biomass, chemical recycling), and the energy transition (better utilization of alternative energy sources in the chemical industry and technologies for renewable energy storage)

### Digital Technologies

 that are fully integrated with processes technologies, materials development, and new business model creation and have a direct impact in the whole industrial environment (artificial intelligence and modelling tools)

### Biotechnologies

 that enable the production of alternative fuels, chemicals and polymers from new versatile feedstock's (biocatalyst engineering)

#### Advanced Materials

• that enable breakthrough application development down the value-chain (building insulation, innovative packaging, renewable electricity production and storage (incl. batteries), and mobility)

Thank you