

Setting the basis for future health risk assessments: A case study on Parkinson disease and paraquat – Jose Tarazona, Head of EFSA's Unit on Pesticides

Abstract

The presentation provides a general overview of the methodologies used for assessing human health risk for pesticides, and EFSA initiatives for using new scientific developments. The focus is on EFSA PPR Panel opinion (2017), proposing the use of the Adverse Outcome Pathway (AOP) conceptual framework to define the biological plausibility in the evaluation of epidemiological studies. The case study investigating the plausibility of links between the exposure to paraquat, a herbicide non approved in the EU, and Parkinson disease, will be presented. The most relevant requisite is to identify a defined symptom for each disease equivalent to an Adverse Outcome for toxicants, reproducible in animal models, and possibly associable to a defined and measurable toxicological endpoint evaluated in the studies submitted for regulatory approval. For Parkinson disease, the application of the above rationale led to the identification of parkinsonian motor symptoms, i.e. the typical motor deficit observed in humans and in experimental conditions, associated with a decrease in number of dopaminergic neurons as a representative Adverse Outcome.

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