

**KU LEUVEN**

SUSTAINABLE INORGANIC  
MATERIALS MANAGEMENT



EuCheMS  
European Chemical Sciences



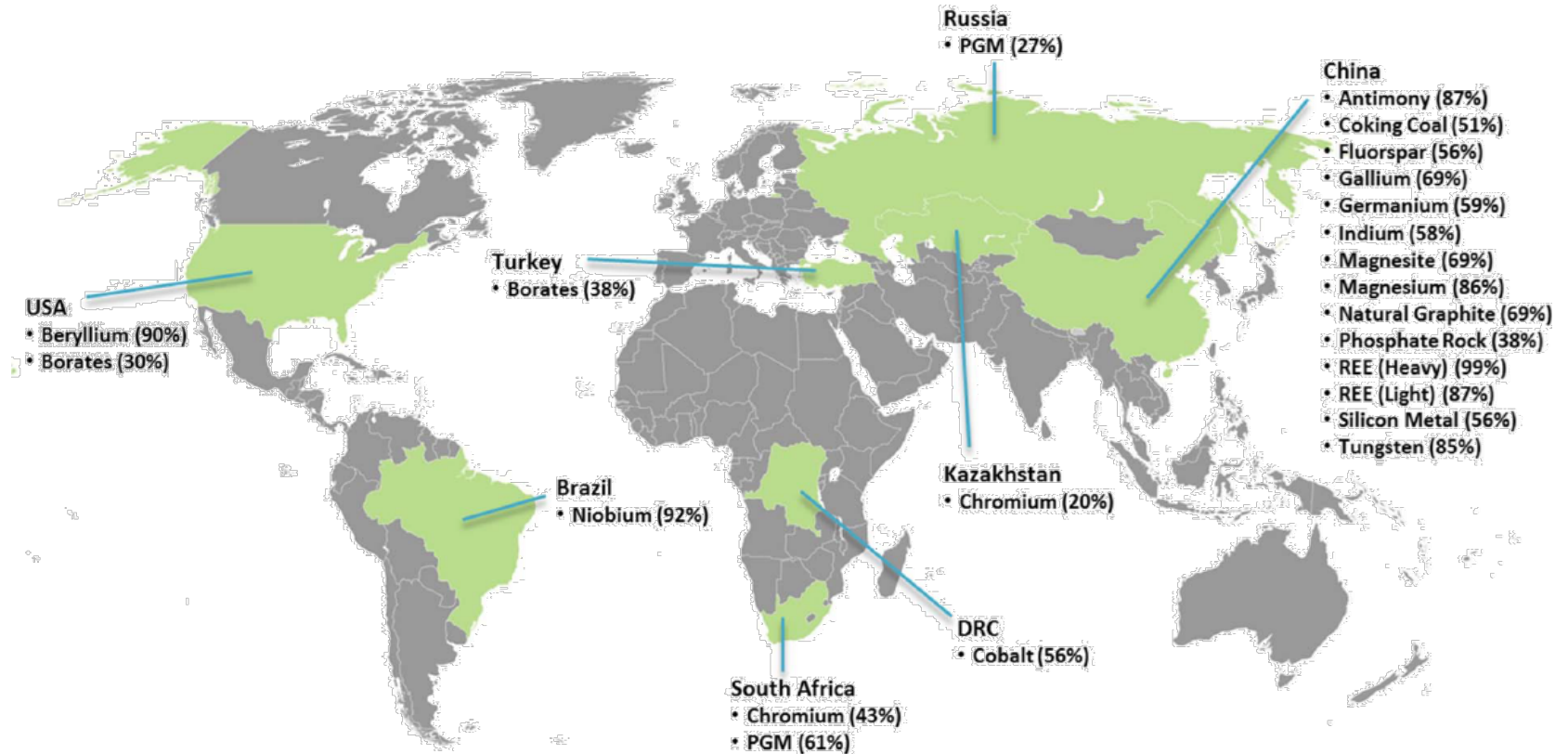
# Towards zero-waste valorisation of fresh and landfilled wastes and residues


Dr Ir. Peter Tom Jones & Prof. Koen Binnemans,  
SIM<sup>2</sup> KU Leuven

22 September 2015, EuCheMS, Brussels



# Raw material supply faces major challenges: *“Europe, the poorest continent in the world”*

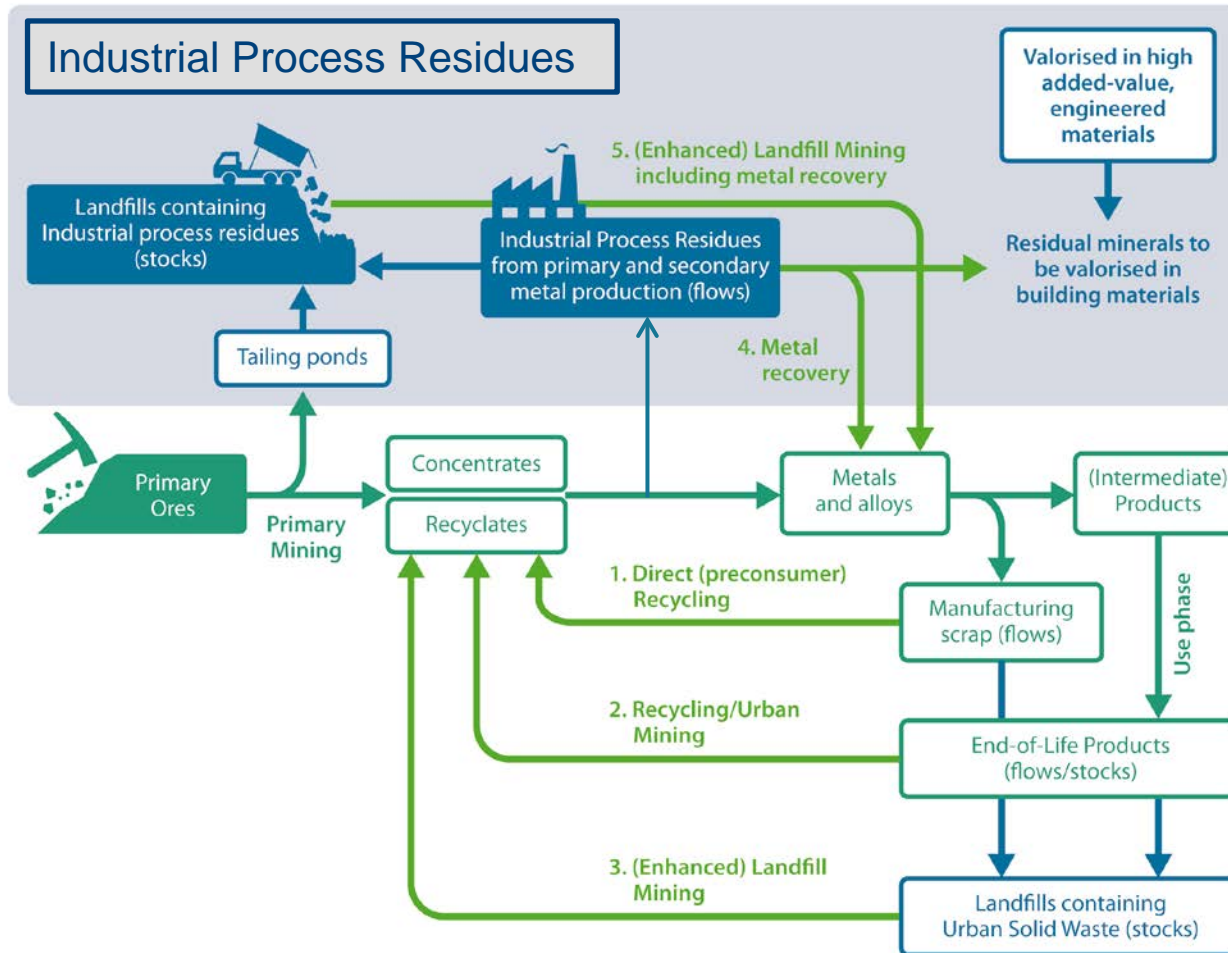


The background of the slide is a photograph of Earth as seen from space, showing the blue curvature of the planet against a dark, star-filled sky. The text is overlaid on a black rectangular area in the upper half of the image.

# EU therefore needs to excel in substitution and recycling - From urban to landfill mining:

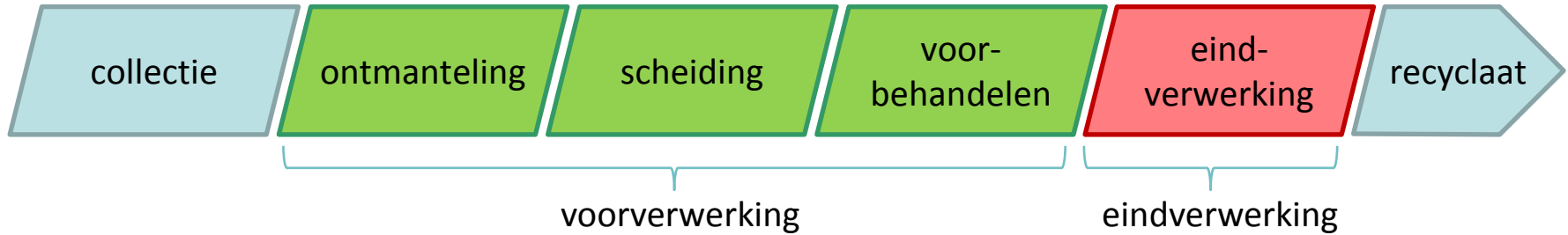
1. *End-of-Life products*
2. *Enhanced Landfill Mining*
3. *Secondary resources*

# SIM<sup>2</sup> KU Leuven Philosophy: Closing the loop through urban & landfill mining



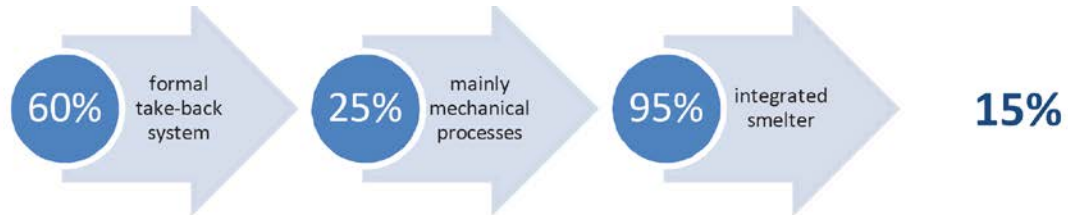
K. Binnemans, P.T. Jones, et al., *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 2015

# 1. EoL products: Efficient recycling/urban mining requires holistic approach



## Formal

(e.g. Europe, UNU 2008, Chancerel et al. 2009)

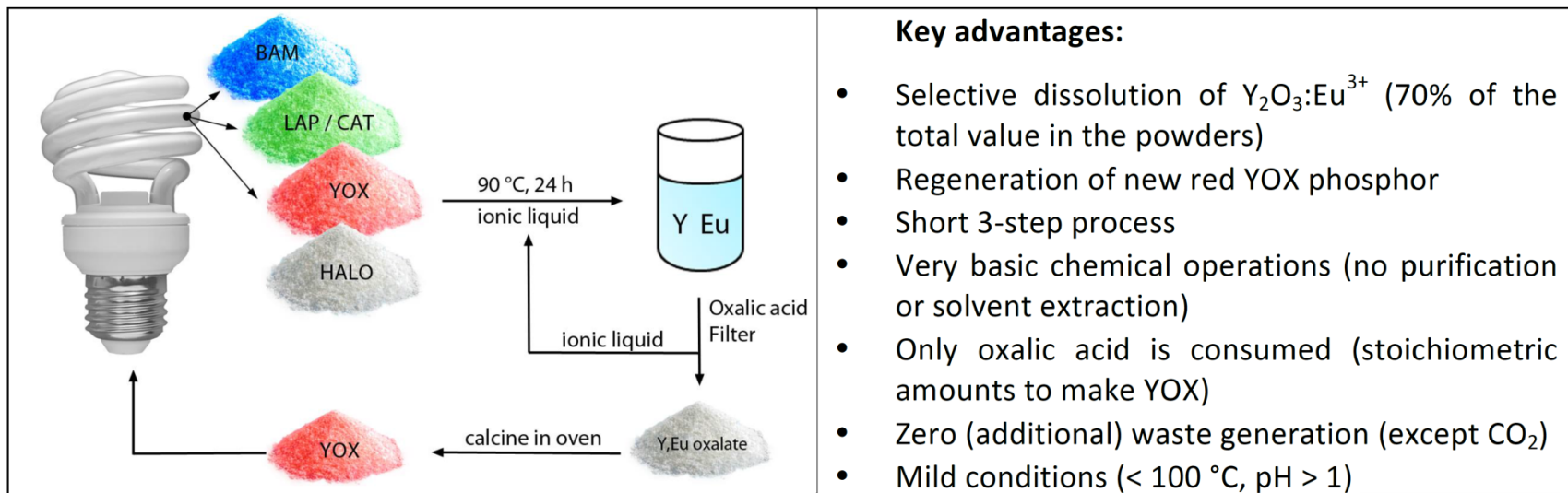


## Informal

(e.g. India, Keller 2006)



# Example: Selective recuperation of Eu and Y from End-of-Life CFLs (using ionometallurgy)



## Key advantages:

- Selective dissolution of  $Y_2O_3:Eu^{3+}$  (70% of the total value in the powders)
- Regeneration of new red YOX phosphor
- Short 3-step process
- Very basic chemical operations (no purification or solvent extraction)
- Only oxalic acid is consumed (stoichiometric amounts to make YOX)
- Zero (additional) waste generation (except  $CO_2$ )
- Mild conditions ( $< 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $\text{pH} > 1$ )

D. Dupont and K. Binnemans, *Green Chemistry* **17**, 856–868 (2015) + front cover



# SIM<sup>2</sup> KU Leuven covers more than REEs – strong focus also on Sb, In, Ge etc.

The image shows a periodic table with several elements highlighted in blue boxes. A logo for 'rare 3' is also present, featuring the text 'KU LEUVEN rare 3' with a small graphic of three colored spheres (red, green, blue) next to the number '3'.

H																	He
Li	Be											B	C	N	O	F	Ne
Na	Mg											Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr
Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe
Cs	Ba	Lu	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
Fr	Ra	Lr	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Cn	Uut	Fl	Uup	Lv	Uus	Uuo
		La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb		
		Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No		

Processing of critical metals is a technological challenge

# 2. Enhanced Landfill Mining

[of MSW/industrial residue landfills]

- 150,000 - 500,000 landfills in Europe
  - From MSW, mixed to industrial landfills
  - From waste dumps to state-of-the-art landfills
- Do-nothing scenario is not an option
  - Remediation costs for EU-28 projected to be 0,1-1 trillion euro in the next 5 decades
- ELFM targets recovery of metals, materials, energy and land) & preserves drinking water
- Prioritisation is required: remediation need, content, location and size are key parameters

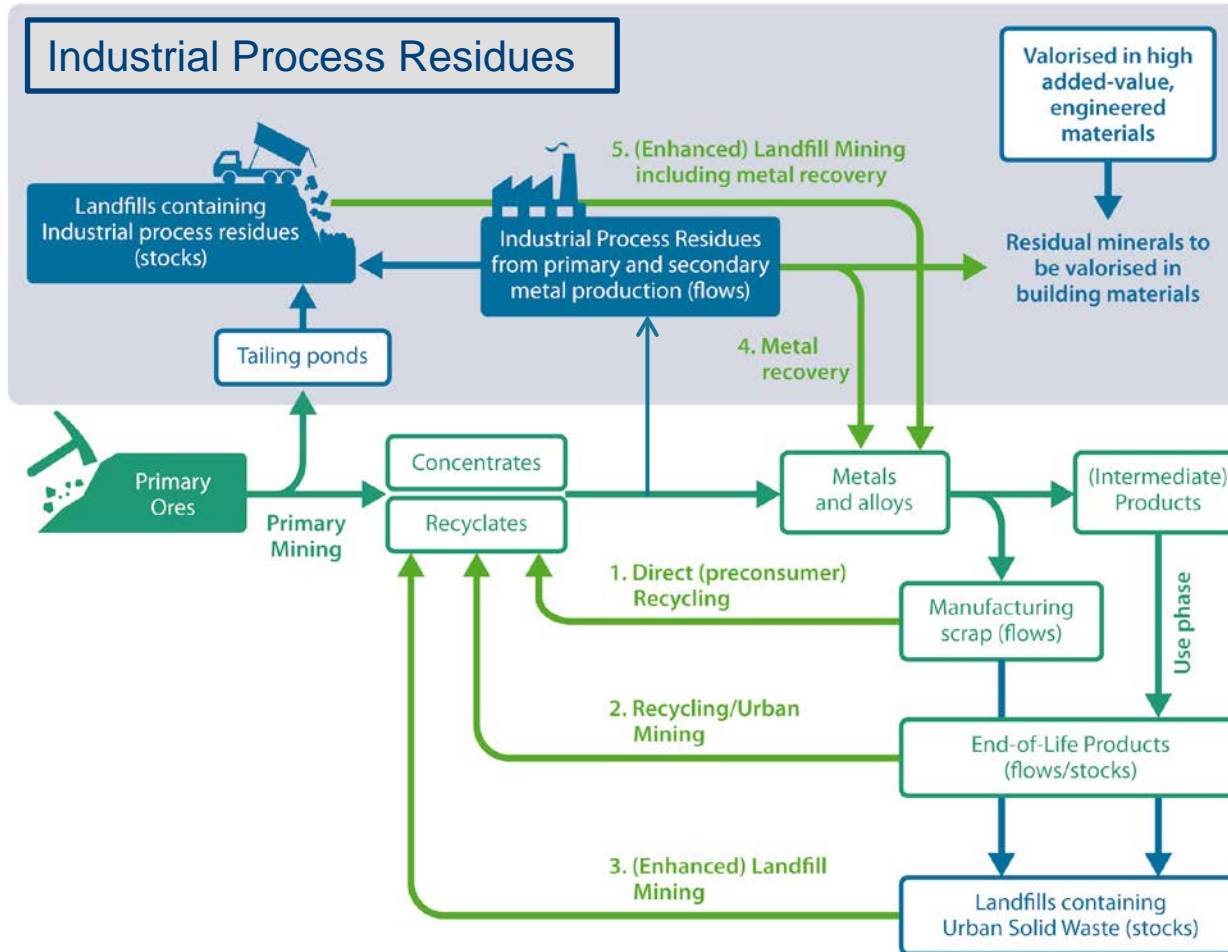


European Parliament

Enhanced Landfill Mining Seminar  
20-10-2015



# 3. Industrial Process Residues (fresh/landfilled flows/stocks)



Zero-waste valorisation principle!

K. Binnemans et al., *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 2015

# Flemish MaRes Programme: *Materials from Secondary Resources*

- Flanders has no primary ores containing critical metals
- BUT... Flanders has:
  - Large volumes of **secondary (industrial) process residues**: tailings, sludges, slags and ashes (e.g. phosphogypsum, goethite)
  - Leading metallurgical companies and research institutes



# MaRes Rationale: metals and minerals from residues - towards new metallurgical systems

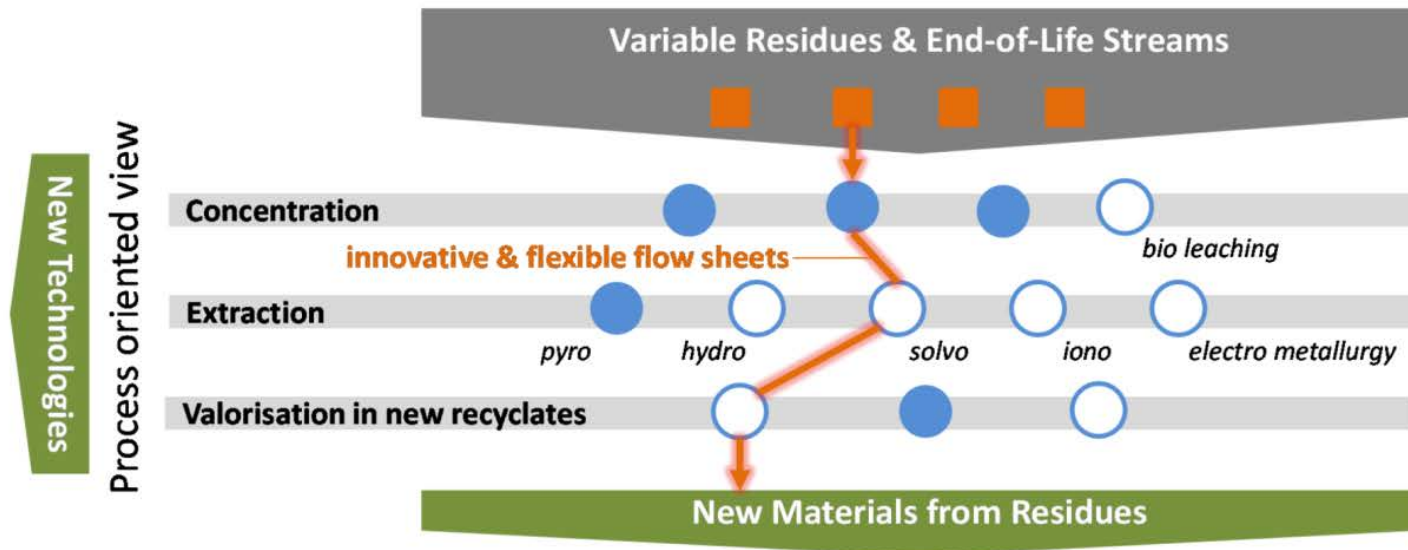


Fig. C5 - Toolbox for treatment of industrial residues by combining different innovative technologies

MaRes aims at creating and demonstrating an operational, flexible toolbox combining pyro-, hydro-, electro-, bio-, solvo- and ionometallurgy technologies to recover metals and to hot stage engineer and valorise the residual matrix into highly innovative low-carbon building materials and other mineral materials.

# MaRes Roadmap Flanders: binders from secondary resources (case: MetalloChimique)



Table produced from cleaned fayalitic slag (97% slag in product)

IWT O&O COZIRAS  
MetalloChimique & KU Leuven →  
36 M€ investment in new fumer to  
clean fayalite slag → new binders)

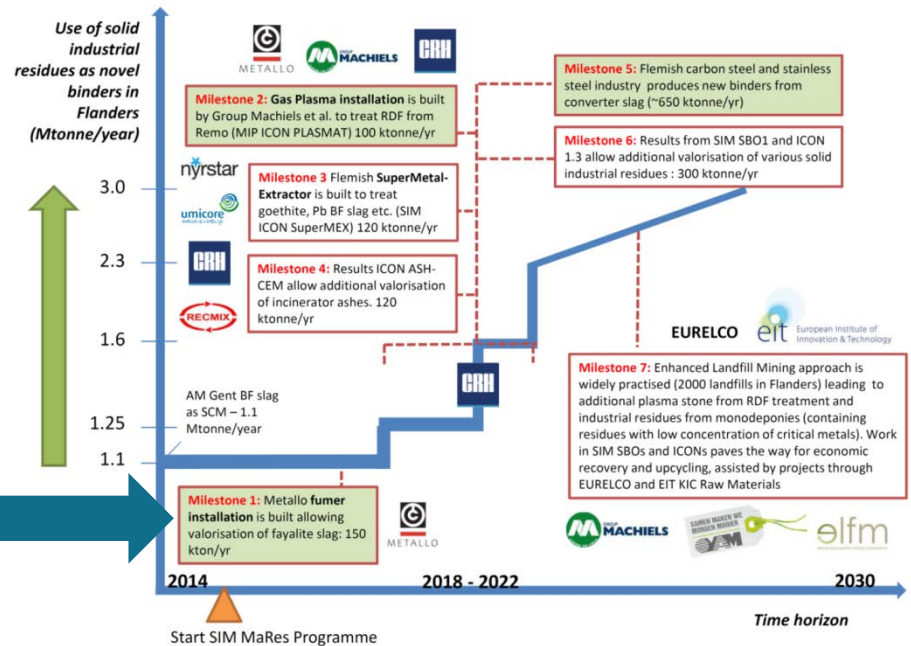


Fig. E2 – Industrial roadmap for Flanders with respect to production of OPC-replacing, low-carbon binders from freshly produced and stockpiled residues.

# MaRes ICON SUPERMEX project:

valorising CM containing sludges (Nyrstar) and slags (Umicore) with mineral valorisation into geopolymers (CRH) (KU Leuven)

## Nyrstar Balen/Overpelt – Belgium

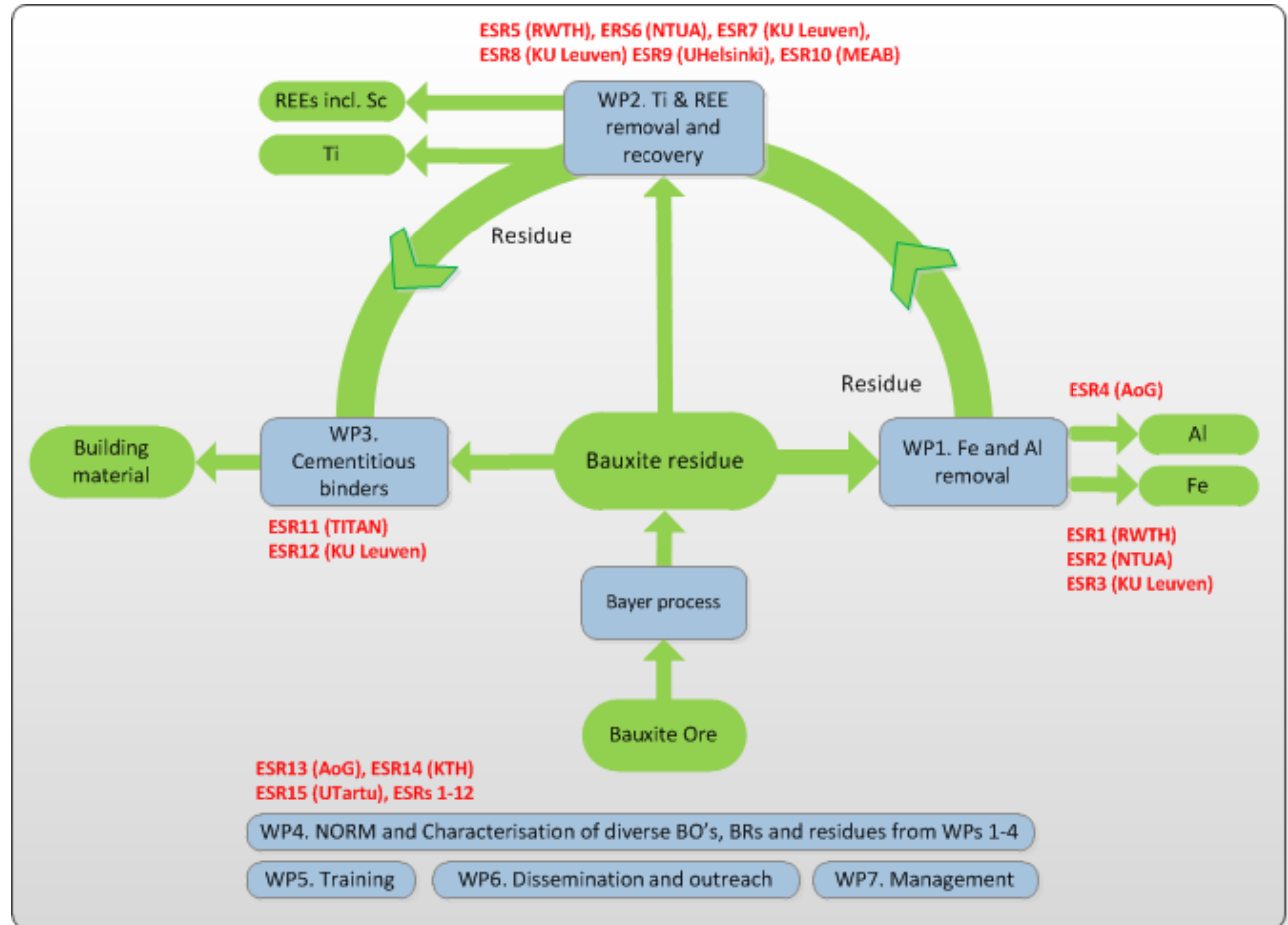


Composition Nyrstar's goethite sludge	Fe (wt%)	SiO <sub>2</sub> (wt%)	CaO (wt%)	Zn (wt%)	Pb (wt%)	In (g/t, dry basis)	Ge (g/t, dry basis)	Other elements
Freshly produced (80,000 tonnes/year)	24-36	3.7-8.4	0.7-6.1	5.9-12.9	1.5-3.7	100-500	50-100	S, Ag, As, Tl, Cd, Cu, Mn,..
Stockpiled goethite (> 1 million tonnes)	24-36	3.7-8.4	0.7-6.1	5.9-12.9	1.5-3.7	100-900	50-180	S, Ag, As, Tl, Cd, Cu, Mn,..



**KU Leuven & Flemish  
cooperation on the EU level:  
a world to win!**

# Flagship KU Leuven project: H2020 MSCA-ETN REDMUD: zero-waste valorisation bauxite residue



# Pan-European collaboration to develop and implement the “New metallurgical system” toolbox



FL



**MaRes**

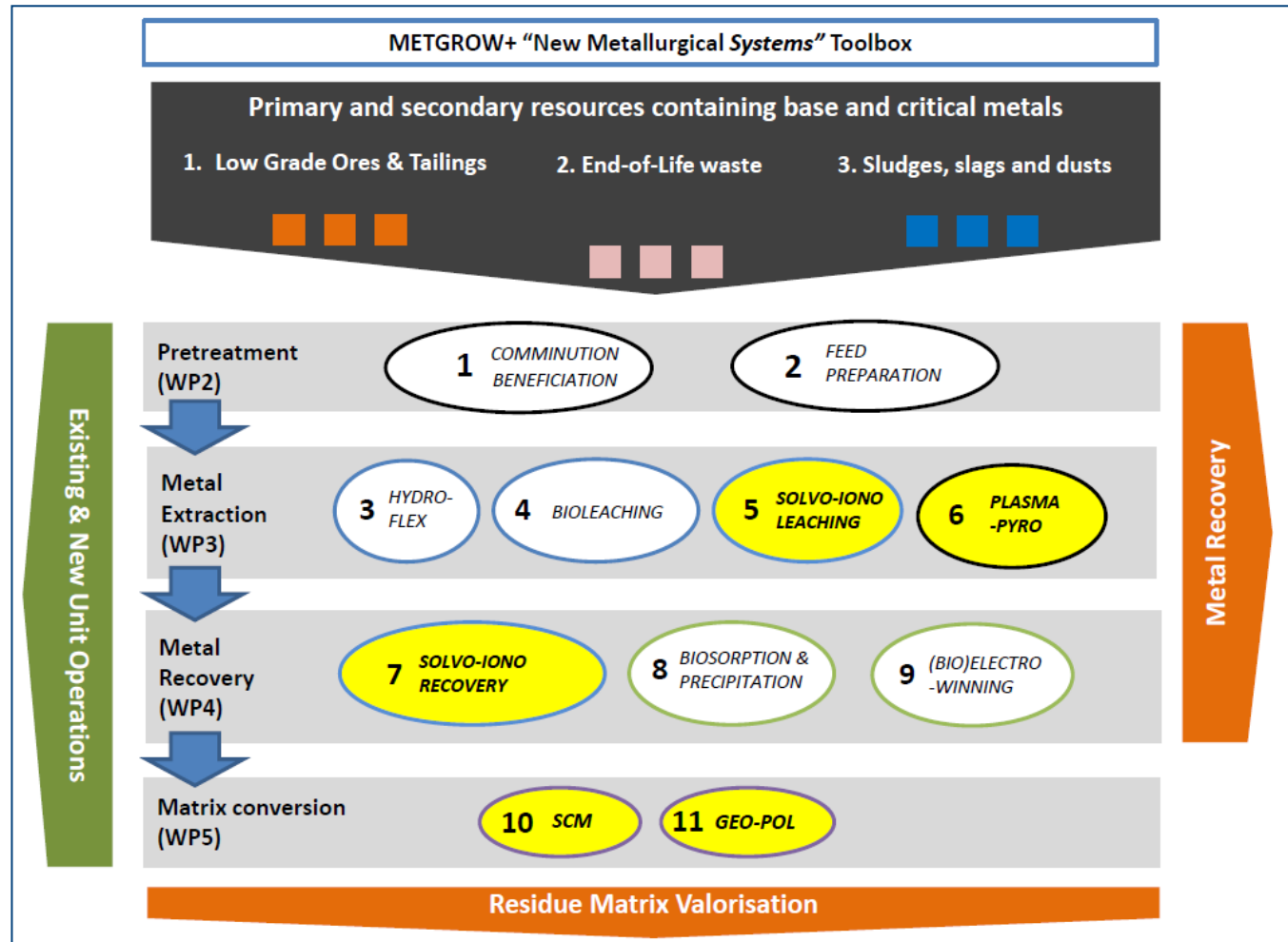
EU



H2020 METGROW+



22/10/2015



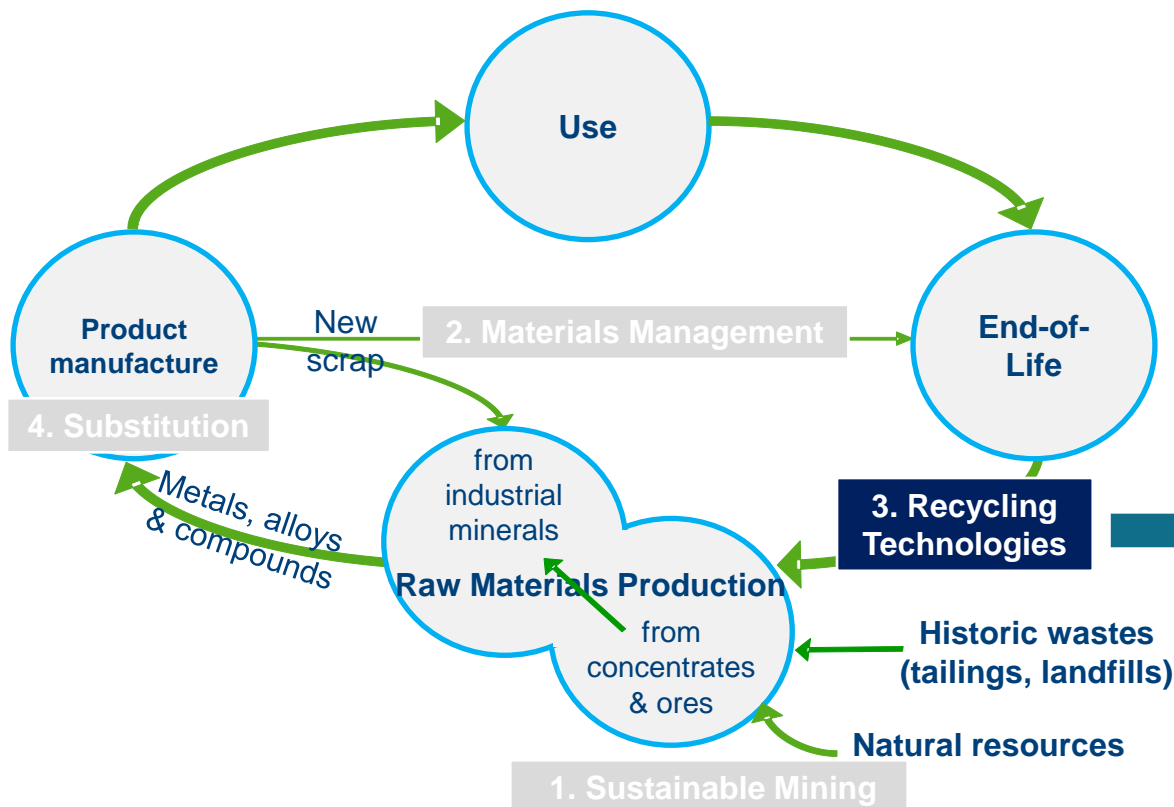
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# Circular economy and KU Leuven-Belgian participation in EIT KIC Raw Materials



Co-location centre  
"West" in Leuven

Belgian core partners:

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